Review for 3rd Exam

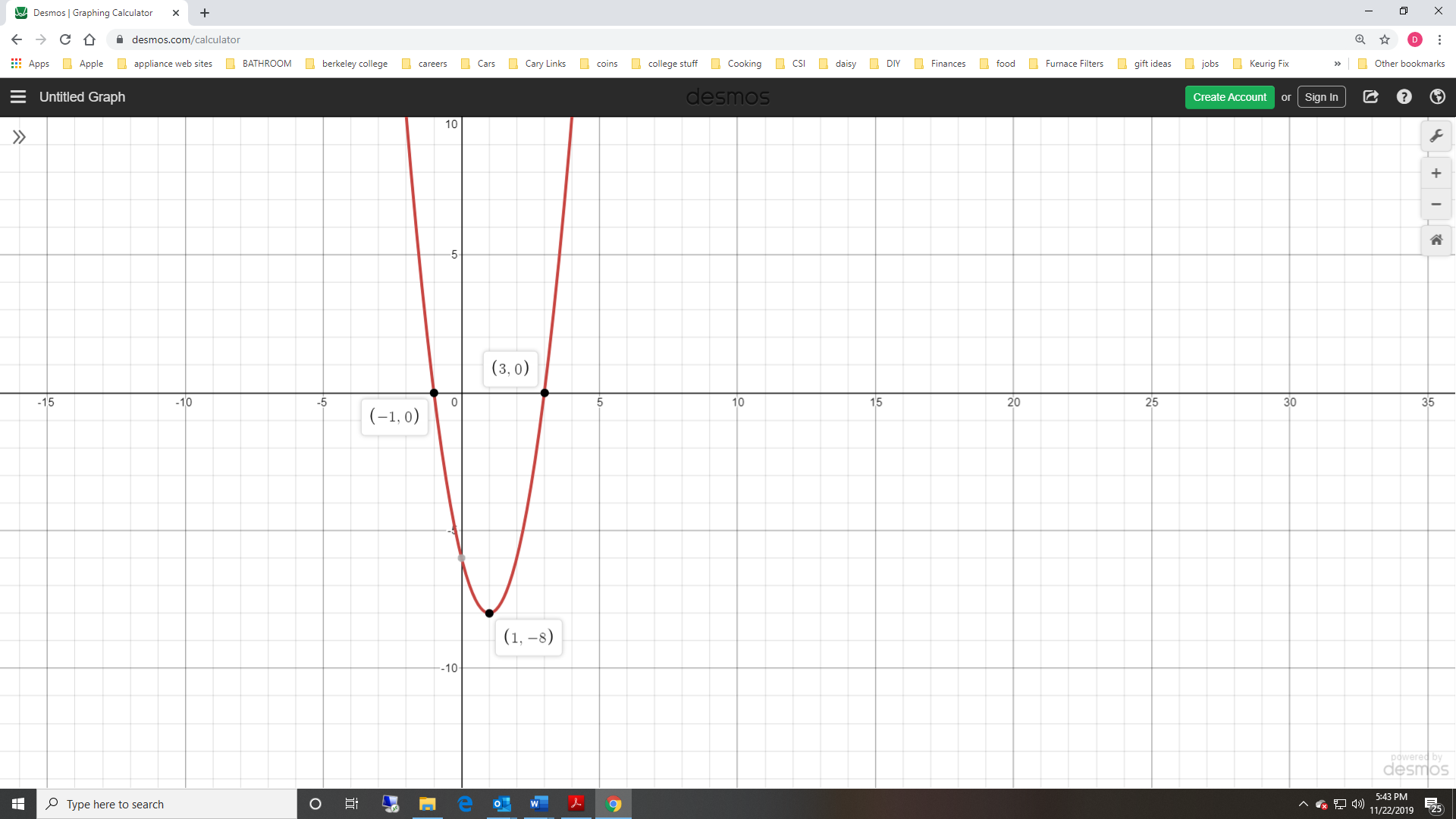
1. Give examples of the following power functions
2. For x > 0, graph passes through (1,6), is increasing and concave up. (2 pts.)
3. For x > 0, graph passes through (1,9), is increasing and concave down? (2 pts.)
4. For x > 0, graph passes through (1, 3), is decreasing and has asymptotes the positive x – axis and the positive y – axis. (2 pts.)
5. Which of the three functions
6. Has the largest values on the interval 0 < x < 1 (2 pts)
7. Has the smallest values on the interval x > 1 (2 pts)
8. Sketch the graphs of these power functions on 0 < x < 1 (3 pts.)
9. Match each formula with its corresponding table of values (6 pts)
10. b. c.

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| **(i)** | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 |
|  | 13.929 | 43.348 | 97.006 | 181.19 | 301.89 |

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| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
| **(ii)** | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 |
|  | 5.00 | 7.6844 | 9.8806 | 11.81 | 13.562 |

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| **(iii)** | 2 | 4 | 6 | 8 | 10 |
|  | 3.3708 | 3.7874 | 4.2556 | 4.7815 | 5.3725 |

1. The relationship between the weight W (in pounds) and the wingspan S (in feet) of birds can be modeled by the power function . The pterosaur weighed approximately 600 pounds. Estimate the wingspan of this prehistoric bird.
2. For each of the polynomials below determine its degree and its leading coefficient (2+2+2 pts)
3. For the polynomial
4. Estimate all its zeros, correct to three decimal points
5. How many turning points does it have? Approximately for what value(s) of x do they occur?
6. How many inflection points does it have? Approximately for what value(s) of x do they occur?
7. How many complex solutions roots does the function have?
8. Factor completely . Then sketch its graph.
9. Write a possible formula for the polynomial, assuming that what you see from the graph includes all the roots.



1. Consider the function .
2. Write a formula for the function produced when f is stretched by a factor of 3 and then shifted down by 2 units. Call this new function F and sketch its graph.
3. What function do you get is you reverse the order of the two operations in part a) and first shift f(x) down by 2 units and the stretch it by a factor of 3? Call this new function G and sketch it.
4. What is F-G?
5. Find the roots of the equation and then use those solutions to factor the function .